

Health Cognition & Behavior Lab

Updated 04/30/2010

Person County Pilot Study on HPV Vaccination (2006)

This study was conducted with women (n=146) in two healthcare facilities in Person County (a rural area of North Carolina) from April-May, 2006.

Preferred citation:

Fazekas, K. I., Brewer, N. T., & Smith, J. S. (2008). HPV vaccine acceptability in a rural, Southern area. *Journal of Women's Health*. 17(4), 539-48.

***NOTE: Please consider using the CHIME Wave 1 survey (conducted during 2007) rather than items from this study. The CHIME survey had more extensive pilot testing and consultations with CDC experts.

UNC Family Health Study

This survey is about several health topics important to women and their families. Remember, there are no right or wrong answers to these questions. We would like to know what *you* think about these important topics.

Please answer all questions. If you prefer not to answer an item, you should cross it out. If you are unsure of your answer, please give us your best guess.

A1. How would you describe your current health?

☐ Poor	□ Fair	☐ Good	☐ Excellent								
Vaccination											
Tell us whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.											
				Strongly Disagree	Slightly Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Slightly Agree	Strongl Agree			
A2. Vaccines a diseases.	are necess	ary to preve	ent certain								
A3. Vaccines of	cause dang	gerous side	effects.								
3	•	nturally pro-	tects itself against used for.								

A5. Vaccines enhance the body's ability to protect itself from illness.			
A6. Vaccines cause people to get sick.			
A7. I am concerned that vaccines are given to prevent diseases that are not serious.			
A8. Vaccines are effective in preventing disease.			
A9. I am concerned that vaccines are given to prevent diseases that children are unlikely to get.			
A10. Vaccines are important to protect children's health.			
A11. I am concerned about the safety of routine childhood vaccines.			
A12. Vaccines cause autism.			

	Pap sme mear?	ear is a te	st for canc	er of the ce	rvix. How	long has it	been since you had yo	our last Pap
	25 to 36	4 months 6 months ago than	36 months					
B2. If y	you have	e ever ha	d a Pap sm	ear, how n	nany times	have you l	nad an abnormal Pap sı	mear result?
] Never	□ Once	☐ Twice	☐ Three or	more times		☐ Does not apply	
B3. Ha	s a doct	or or oth	er medical	profession	al ever tolo	d you that y	you had genital warts ?	,
	l No	□ Yes		□ Don't	know			
B4. Ha	s a doct	or or oth	er medical	profession	al ever tolo	d you that y	you had cervical cance	<u>er</u> ?
	l No	□ Yes		□ Don't	know			
	s a doct <u>irus)</u> ?	or or oth	er medical	profession	al ever tolo	l you that y	you have <u>HPV (humar</u>	ı papilloma
	l No	□ Yes		□ Don't	know			
Ce	rvical	Cance	r					
C1. Let	C1. Let's assume you maintain the same lifestyle and health behaviors you currently engage in. What is the chance that you will get cervical cancer in the future?							
	l No cha	nce 🗆	Low 🗆 I	Moderate	□ High	☐ Certain		
C2. Ho	w serio	us an illn	ess do you	think cerv	ical cancer	is?		
	Not at a	all □ A	little 🗆	Moderately	□ Very	□ Extren	nely	

Personal Health

Imagine that a doctor told you that you have cervical cancer. For each question, circle the number that best reflects your views about cervical cancer.

C3. H	low much would h	avıng ce	rvical ca	ncer affec	t your life	e?				
	0 1 No effect at all	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Severely af m	10 fects y life
C4. H	low long do you th	ink your	cervical	cancer w	ould last	•				
	0 1 A very short time	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Fo	10 rever
C5. H	low much control v	would yo	ou have o	over your	cervical c	ancer?				
	0 1 Absolutely no con	2 trol	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Extreme am of co	10 nount ontrol
C6. H	Iow much do you t	hink trea	itment co	ould help	your cerv	ical cance	er?			
	0 1 Not at all helpful	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Extre	10 mely
C7. H	low much would y	ou exper	rience sy	mptoms f	rom havir	ng cervica	l cancer?			
	0 1 No symptoms at all	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Many se symp	
C8. H	low concerned wou	ıld you l	e about	having ce	rvical car	icer?				
	0 1 Not at all concerne	2 ed	3	4	5	6	7	8 Ex	9 tremely conce	10 erned
C9. H	low well would yo	u unders	tand you	r cervical	cancer?					
	0 1 Don't understand at all	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Unders very cl	
	How much would angry, scared, upso	_		ancer affe	ect you en	notionally	? (for exa	imple, de	oes it make y	/ou
	0 1 Not at affected emotionally	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 Extremely affe emotic	
If you	n had cervical canc	er, what	the three	things ar	e most lil	kely to ha	ve caused	it?		
C11					_(Most lik	tely)				
C12					_(Second	most like	ly)			
C12	(Third most likely)									

HPV

The next questions are about hum	an papilloma virus, also	known	as H	PV.
D1. Have you ever heard of HPV (hum	an papilloma virus)?			
□ No □ Yes □	Don't know			
Please read each statement below We just want to know your opinion		true or 1	false.	This is <i>not</i> a quiz.
		True	False	Don't Know
D2. HPV (human papilloma virus) is the herpes.	ne virus that causes			
D3. Genital warts are caused by some t	ypes of HPV.			
D4. HPV is the virus that can cause cer	vical cancer.			
D5. The best way to prevent disease ca regular Pap smears performed.	used by HPV is to have			
D6. If a woman's Pap smear is normal	she doesn't have HPV.			
D7. Changes in a Pap smear may indicate HPV.	ate that a woman has			
D8. Genital warts are caused by the her	rpes virus.			
D9. HPV can cause cancer.				
D10. Pap smears will almost always de it.	tect HPV if a woman has			
D11. HPV can be passed from the moth	ner to baby during birth.			
D12. The symptoms of HPV include	(Check ALL that apply)			
 □ Warts that sometimes itch or blee □ Sores on the penis or vagina that □ Discharge from genitals (watery, y □ Warty growths □ Burning upon urination □ Reduction of urine flow □ No visible signs or symptoms □ Don't know/never heard of it 	don't heal			

D13. If untreated, HPV (Check ALL that apply)
□ Can cause cervical cancer □ Can cause infertility □ Can cause pre-cancer (dysplasia) □ Can cause warts □ Will usually disappear by itself □ Can cause death □ Can cause sterility □ Don't know
D14. Which of the following increases your risk for HPV infection? (Circle ALL that apply)
 ☐ If you begin having sex before the age of sixteen ☐ If you have many sexual partners ☐ If your partner has had many sexual partners ☐ Birth control pills ☐ Smoking ☐ Excessive stress ☐ Poor nutrition ☐ Don't know
In case you have not heard of HPV, it is a sexually transmitted infection. Some common types of HPV lead to cervical cancer.
D15. Do you think that you have ever been infected with one of the types of HPV that cause cancer?
□ No □ Yes □ Don't know
D16. Let's assume you maintain the same lifestyle and health behaviors you currently engage in. What is the chance that you will be infected with a cancer causing type of HPV in the future?
☐ No chance ☐ Low ☐ Moderate ☐ High ☐ Certain
D17. If you became infected with a cancer causing type of HPV, how serious a threat to your health would it be?
☐ No threat ☐ Very low ☐ Low ☐ Moderate ☐ High ☐ Very high

HPV Vaccine

There is a new vaccine that prevents HPV infection with two cancer causing types of HPV. 7 out of 10 cervical cancer cases can be prevented if people use this vaccine.

E1.	Have you	heard of the HPV va	ccine before today?	
	□ No	□ Yes	☐ Don't know	
E2.		ne <u>most</u> you would pa ney, not paid by insur		accinated against HPV? This is from your
	□ Nothin □ \$1-19 □ \$20-49 □ \$50-99 □ \$100-7 □ \$200-2 □ \$300-3	9 9 199 299 399		
E3.).			it becomes available? Assume the vaccine i
	□ Very u	ınlikely 🗆 Unlikely 🗅	Neither unlikely nor likely	☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
E4.	How likel vaccine		t the HPV vaccine if it p	revented <u>cervical cancer</u> ? Assume the
	□ Very u	ınlikely 🗆 Unlikely 🗅	Neither unlikely nor likely	☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
E5.	How likel is free.	ly would you be to ge	t the HPV vaccine if it p	revented genital warts ? Assume the vaccine
	□ Very u	ınlikely □ Unlikely □	Neither unlikely nor likely	☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
E6.		•	HPV vaccine is in preverselerately □ Very □ Extre	<u> </u>
E7			HPV vaccine is in prev	
E/.		•	derately \square Very \square Extre	9
E8.	What wou	ald be the best age to	give a person the HPV v	raccine?
	□ 3-10 □ 11-16 □ 17-25 □ 25+			

Please tell us how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.								
			ngly gree	Slightly Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Slightly Agree	Strongly Agree	
E9. The HPV vaccine may have serio	us side effects	. С						
E10. The HPV vaccine is safe.								
E11. The vaccine will prevent childre HPV.	n from getting	g C]					
E12. The HPV vaccine can prevent ce	ervical cancer.							
E13. The vaccine can cure HPV infec	tion.							
E14. If an adolescent girl received the she may be more likely to have		е, С]					
E15. Adolescent girls should be vacci HPV.	nated against							
E16. Adolescent boys should be vacci	inated against	С]					
Health Information								
F1. I would like more information abo				□ A ====	Ctron all.			
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree		_	agree	⊔ Agree	□ Strongly	agree		
F2. I would like more information about				П А	Ctara a ale			
☐ Strongly disagree ☐ Disagree	□ Neither disa	agree nor	agree	⊔ Agree	□ Strongly	agree		
How much attention do you pay	to informati	ion abo	ut hea	alth and	medical to	pics		
	Not at all	A little	Some	e A lot		Don't know	1	
F3 on the television?								
F4 on the radio?								
F5 in the newspaper?								
F6 in magazines?								
F7on the Internet?								

F8. Imagine you had a strong need to get information about <u>cancer</u>. Where would you go first? Check ONLY one.

	□ Books □ Brochures, pamphlets etc. □ Family Friend/Coworker □ Health Care Provider (e.g. Doctor) □ Library □ Internet □ Magazine □ Newspaper □ Radio □ Telephone information (1-800-NUMBER) □ Television □ Cancer Organization
F9. Iı	magine you had a strong need to get information about the HPV vaccine . Where would you go first?
	Check ONLY one.
	□ Books □ Brochures, pamphlets etc. □ Family Friend/Coworker □ Health Care Provider (e.g. Doctor) □ Library □ Internet □ Magazine □ Newspaper □ Radio □ Telephone information (1-800-NUMBER) □ Television □ Cancer Organization
F10.	Overall how confident are you that you could get advice or information about the HPV vaccine from your health care provider if you needed it?
	□ Not at all □ A little □ Some □ A lot □ Don't know

UNC Family Health Study Part 2

You're almost done! Remember, there are no right or wrong answers to these questions. We would like to know what *you* think about these important topics.

Your Daughter's Health

The next questions are about adolescent daughters. If you do not have a daughter, please answer these questions as if you do. If she is not an adolescent (11-16), imagine her being this age.

G1. What is the cha	nce that y	our adolescent	daughter v	will get cervical cancer in the future?
□ No chance	□ Low	☐ Moderate	□ High	□ Certain
		<u>r</u> , how serious □ Low □ Mode		her health would it be?
	•		_	will be infected with HPV in her lifetime?
☐ No chance	□ Low	☐ Moderate	□ High	□ Certain
•	· ·	er were infecte		PV , how serious a threat to her health would it be? th □ Very high
Vaccinating	your Da	ughter		
When the new H for adolescent gir				ablic use, it will probably be recommended
	please a	nswer these o	_	at your adolescent daughter. If you do not as if you do. If she is not an adolescent
H1. What is the mos	•	1 2		get your adolescent daughter vaccinated against y insurance.
☐ Nothing ☐ \$1-19 ☐ \$20-49 ☐ \$50-99 ☐ \$100-199 ☐ \$200-299 ☐ \$300-399 ☐ \$400 or more)			

H2. How likely would you be to vaccinate your adolescent daughter against HPV when it becomes available? Assume the vaccine is free.
☐ Very unlikely ☐ Unlikely ☐ Neither unlikely nor likely ☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
H3. Imagine that the vaccine requires three shots. How likely would you be to get your adolescent daughter vaccinated, return <u>1 month</u> later for the second shot and then return 6 months later for the third shot?
☐ Very unlikely ☐ Unlikely ☐ Neither unlikely nor likely ☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
H4. Imagine that the vaccine requires three shots. How likely would you be to get your adolescent daughter vaccinated, return <u>2 months</u> later for a second shot and then return 6 months later for the third shot?
☐ Very unlikely ☐ Unlikely ☐ Neither unlikely nor likely ☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
H5. How likely would you be to vaccinate your adolescent daughter against HPV if it prevented cervical cancer ? Assume the vaccine is free.
☐ Very unlikely ☐ Unlikely ☐ Neither unlikely nor likely ☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
H6. How likely would you be to vaccinate your adolescent daughter against HPV if it prevented genital warts ? Assume the vaccine is free.
☐ Very unlikely ☐ Unlikely ☐ Neither unlikely nor likely ☐ Likely ☐ Very likely
H7. Who is the <u>best</u> person to give an HPV vaccination to an adolescent daughter? Please check ONLY one.
 □ Family doctor or general practitioner □ Doctor who specializes in children's health (pediatrician) □ Doctor who specializes in women's health (OB/GYN) □ Nurse or physician assistant □ Community health worker trained to give vaccinations □ None of the above
H8. Who is the second best person to give an HPV vaccination to an adolescent daughter? Please check ONLY one.
 □ Family doctor or general practitioner □ Doctor who specializes in children's health (pediatrician) □ Doctor who specializes in women's health (OB/GYN) □ Nurse or physician assistant □ Community health worker trained to give vaccinations □ None of the above

H9. Where would you prefer the vaccine to be Please check ONLY one.	given to an a	dolescent dau	ghter?						
 □ Public clinic □ Private doctor's office □ Her school □ Other preference (please specify) □ I have no opinion. 									
How much would the following things discourage or encourage you to get your adolescent daughter vaccinated against HPV?									
	Discourage a lot	Discourage a little	No Effect	Encourage a little	Encourage a lot				
H10. Doctor's recommendation									
H11. Receiving a reminder (postcard, call)									
H12. Ease of getting to the place offering the vaccination									
H13. Low cost of the vaccine									
H14. Free or paid for by insurance									
H15. Highly effective in preventing HPV infection									
H16. Vaccine has side effects									
H17. Others (please specify)									
Background Information									
Z1. What is your age?									
Z2.Are you Hispanic or Latina?									
□ No □ Yes									
Z3. What is your race?									
 ☐ Asian ☐ Black or African American ☐ American Indian or Alaska Native ☐ Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander ☐ White or Caucasian ☐ Other, please specify 									

Z4. What is your marital status?		
☐ Married or living as married☐ Divorced☐ Widowed	☐ Separated ☐ Never married	
Z5. How many children do you have?		
Z6. Please list the age and sex of each child, including adult children.		
Age □ Female Age □ □ Female Age □ □ Female Age □ □ Female	☐ Male	
Z7. What is the highest grade in school you completed?		
 □ Less than high school □ Some high school □ High school/GED equivalence □ Some college □ Associate's degree 	 □ Technical or professional degree □ College degree □ Some graduate school □ Advanced degree (Masters, PhD, MD, JD) 	
Z8. What type of health insurance co	overage do you have?	
 □ None □ Medicaid □ Medicare □ Managed care plan (such as H □ Commercial insurance (such a □ Other, specify 	s Blue Cross/Blue Shield)	
Z9. Do you currently work for pay?		
□ Yes □ No		
Z10. Without giving exact dollars, h now?	ow would you describe your household's financial situation right	
☐ You have enough money to pa	have enough money for special things that you want. by the bills, but little spare money to buy extra or special things. ls, but only because you have cut back on things. g the bills, no matter what you do.	

Is there anything else that you wanted to tell us that we did not ask about? tell us about it below.	If so, please
Thank you for helping us with the study!	

References

- 1. Broadbent, E., Petrie, K. J., Main, J., & Weinman, J. (2006). The Brief Illness Perception Questionnaire (BIPQ). *Journal of Psychosomatic Research*, 60, 631-637.
- 2. Yacobi E., Tennant C., Ferrante J., Pal N., Roetzheim R. (1999). University students' knowledge and awareness of HPV. Preventive Medicine 1999 June;28(6):535-41.